

عنوان مقاله:

Temporal and Spatial Prediction of Rainfall-Induced Landslides using the Specialized TRIGPS Model

محل انتشار:

دوفصلنامه زمین شناسی ژئوتکنیک، دوره 12، شماره 2 (سال: 1395)

تعداد صفحات اصل مقاله: 13

نویسندگان:

Sahebeh Sadeghi - *Department of Engineering Geology, Tarbiat Modares University, Tehran, Iran*

Golam Reza Shoaie - *Department of Engineering Geology, Tarbiat Modares University, Tehran, Iran*

Mohammad Reza Nikudel - *Department of Engineering Geology, Tarbiat Modares University, Tehran, Iran*

خلاصه مقاله:

Landslides as natural phenomenon occur every year in many parts of the world, especially in hilly areas, and pose considerable life and property losses. Given the temperate and humid climate in northern Iran, most landslides occurred in this area are triggered due to rain. In this study, in order to predict the time and location of shallow landslides caused by rainfall, TRIGRS model was applied in Nekarood area in the Alborz mountain range in northern Iran and its sensitivity to a number of effective parameters in the landslide was assessed. After preparation of all required parameters, TRIGRS model was implemented to predict a landslide within the study area induced by a rainfall intensity of ۱.۲۷ mm/h lasting for ۲۴ hours. The results showed that the model predicted landslides accurately. Also, the effect of rainfall duration on increasing the number of unstable cells is also evident. In this regard, within the first hour, ۰.۱۹% of cells indicate a safety factor (FS) less than ۱ while after ۲۴ hours it reaches ۴.۰۸%. To evaluate the model sensitivity to initial ground water level, some adjustments were made in the water table level. The result showed that, unlike the changes in precipitation, model response to water table fluctuation is not significant.

کلمات کلیدی:

Temporal and Spatial Prediction, Landslide Prediction, TRIGPS, Nekarood

لینک ثابت مقاله در پایگاه سیویلیکا:

<https://civilica.com/doc/1320570>

