

عنوان مقاله:

A Qualitative Study of Risk Factors of Substance Abuse among Women

محل انتشار:

دوفصلنامه تحقیقات رفتارهای اجتماعی و سلامت, دوره 7, شماره 2 (سال: 1402)

تعداد صفحات اصل مقاله: 11

نویسندگان:

Fariba Kiani - Department of psychology, Boroujen Branch, Islamic Azad University, Boroujen, Iran

Mosa Amiryan Farsani - MA in Educational Management, Department of Education, Farsan, Iran

خلاصه مقاله:

Background: The rate of substance abuse by women is growing over last several decades. However, most addiction studies have been conducted on men with a quantitative approach. Methods: The present study examined the risk factors of addiction among women through qualitative research. This research was a content analysis. Sampling was done in a targeted manner from addicted women referred to substance abuse treatment centers in Chaharmahal and Bakhtiari province in ۲۰۲۲. The research tool was an in-depth interview. The research data were analyzed by open coding, axial coding, and selective coding. Results: The research findings showed that the main categories are individual factors, family factors, socio-cultural factors and economic factors were effective in the incidence of substance abuse among women. In terms of priority, individual factors (۴1%), family factors (۲۹%), socio-cultural factors (Y1%) and economic factors (9%) were effective in the incidence of substance addiction among women. Conclusion: According to the results, it can be concluded that individual, family, socio-cultural and economic factors play a significant role in women's tendency to substance abuse. This requires providing training and solutions about these factors. Corresponding Author: Fariba Kiani View Orcid in Profile You can search for this author in PubMed & Google Scholar Profile

کلمات کلیدی:

Factors, Women, Substance abuse, Qualitative research

لینک ثابت مقاله در پایگاه سیویلیکا:

https://civilica.com/doc/1855521

