

عنوان مقاله:

Construction of zeolite nanoreactor with complex geometry and combined properties for production of light olefins

محل انتشار:

دومین کنفرانس ملی ژئولیت ایران (سال: 1394)

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خلاصه مقاله:

In this work by creating mesopore in catalyst using carbon templates, and then modify the catalyst structure with steaming and phosphorous, can also facilitate access to micropores, also to minimize coke formation. Phosphorus was loaded by wet impregnation method on ZSM-5 zeolite created by template-free technique. Mesoporous was created by 30%.wt of carbon nanotube template. Created mesoporous causes availability of catalyst active sites, increase in coke formation and deactivation of catalyst in initial reaction time. Hence, in order to decrease coke formation, steaming process would make mesoporous unsuitable with coke formation, although micropores would be preserved from dealumination. Modification of zeolite by phosphorus and steaming process has increased light olefins yield and selectivity to 50% and 60%, respectively. In addition, coke formation has been declined from 14% to 7% on ZSM-5 and ZSM-5 CNT(30) P(0.5) steam (1 h) zeolites.

کلمات کلیدی:

ZSM-5 zeolite, Mesoporous, Carbon nanotube, Phosphorous, Catalytic cracking

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